

M.C. Escher (1898-1972) Upstairs and Downstairs (1960; lithography)

A Contractor's Perspective: Design Approaches and Their Impact on Construction

LISA LUKEFAHR, P.E.

TEXAS CONCRETE PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION

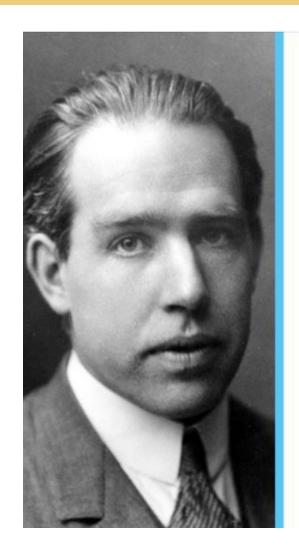
Speaker Background

27 years at TxDOT

- Materials
- Pavement Design
- Pavement Construction
- Research

8 years at TCPA

Who is an Expert?





"An expert is a person who has found out by his own painful experience all the mistakes that one can make in a very narrow field."



Why Did Bid Prices Come in So High?

Why Did Project Take Longer than Expected?

Why is the Final Product Not Performing as Expected?

1. Why Did Bid Prices Come in So High?

Small Scope (Costco effect: Bulk Buying)

Confined Working Space (Safety)

Confined (or no) Storage Space

- More Hand Work
- Mobilization Costs High (Staging Challenges)
- Material Delivery Complicated
- Inefficient Labor Allocation
- Difficult Working Platform







TxDOT Pavement Manual

Houston Bus Stop, Sidewalk, etc.: <u>Houston Metro Bus Stop #shorts</u>







TxDOT Pavement Manual

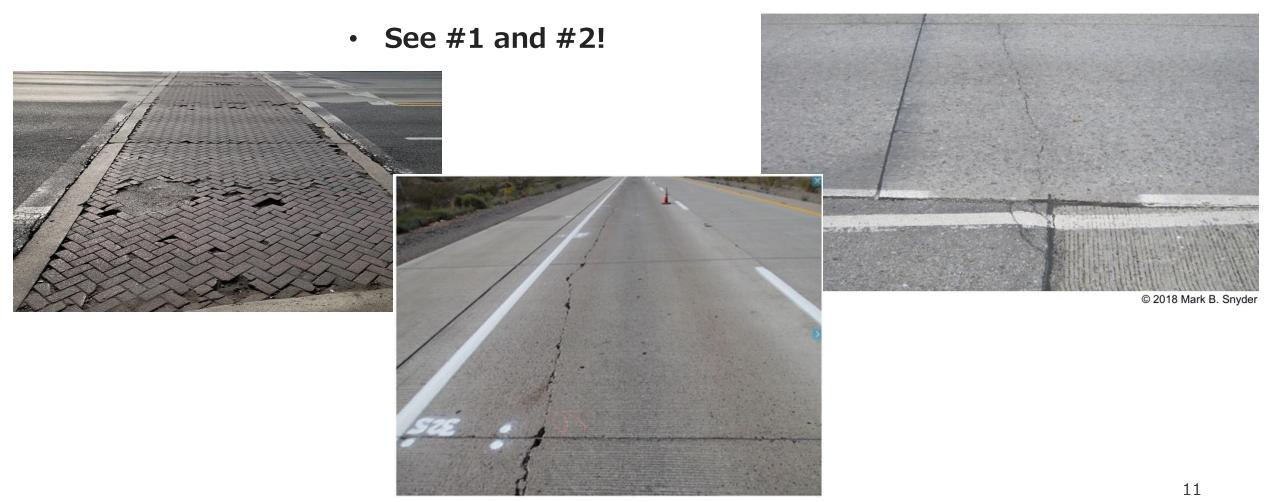
Houston Bus Stop, Sidewalk, etc.: <u>Houston Metro Bus Stop #shorts</u>

- 1. Why Did Bid Prices Come in So High?
- Tight Schedule (Time is money)
- Material Price Instability
- Utility Coordination
- Owner Factor (prior negative experience with effective project management)

- 1. Why Did Bid Prices Come in So High?
- Specification Issues
 - Penalties but no Bonuses
 - Performance Specs Mixed with Method Specs (e.g., detailed concrete mix components and amounts AND strength, permeability, etc. requirements)
 - Test Sample Handling

- 2. Why Did Project Take Longer than Expected?
 - See #1!

3. Why is the Final Product Not Performing as Expected?





Concrete Pavements in an Urban Environment

LISA LUKEFAHR, P.E.

TEXAS CONCRETE PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION

Agenda

- Differences between highways, arterials, city roads and streets
- Challenges
- Pavement types options
- Resources

Urban/City Streets vs. Highway/Arterial





Urban/City Streets vs. Highway/Arterial

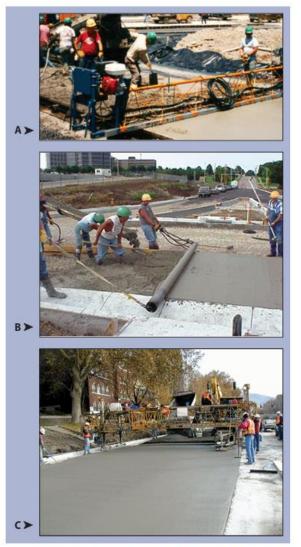


Figure 12. (A) Vibrating screed, (B) Roller screed, (C) Form-riding paver.





Challenges

- Cost: Initial and Total (Initial, Maintenance, Rehab)
- Utilities
- Staging
- Access: Haul Road and Property Owner Access
- Intersections and Driveways
- Manholes, Inlets, etc.
- Ride Quality

Cost: Shingle Purchasing Poll

Who buys:

- 15-yr shingles
- 30-yr shingles
- 50-yr shingles

Cost: Economy of Scale

- 1 intersection vs 10 intersections
- 1 block length vs 1 mile length
- Ability to use more Machine vs. mostly Human labor

Consider:

- Mobilization Costs
- Material Costs
- Labor Availability

Is a Concrete Street Worth the Money?



Court Avenue, Bellefontaine, OH 1891



Belknap Place, San Antonio 1914

Challenges

- Cost: Initial and Total (Initial, Maintenance, Rehab)
- Utilities
- Staging
- Access: Haul Road and Property Owner Access
- Intersections and Driveways
- Manholes, Inlets, etc.
- Ride Quality

Access, Intersections, etc.

- Phased Construction
- High Early Strength Concrete
- Use existing pavement structure as much as possible
- Use specification language pertaining to rain vulnerability, especially for exposed, untreated layers

Challenges

- Cost: Initial and Total (Initial, Maintenance, Rehab)
- Utilities
- Staging
- Access: Haul Road and Property Owner Access
- Intersections and Driveways
- Manholes, Inlets, etc.
- Ride Quality

Ride Quality

How important is smoothness?

Posted/Operating Speed Sensitivity of Users

How much is it worth?

Avoid starting/stopping (longer runs)

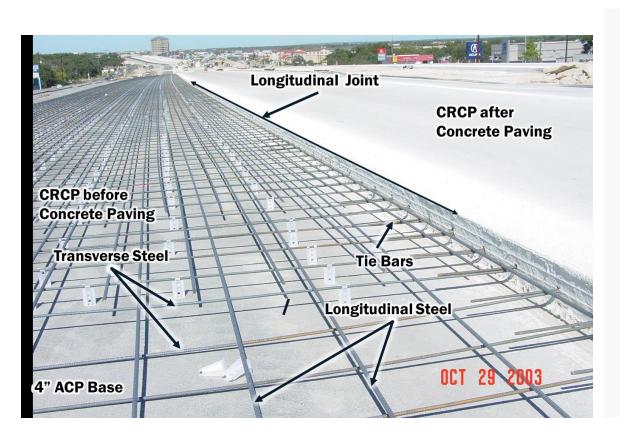
Diamond grinding added to bid items

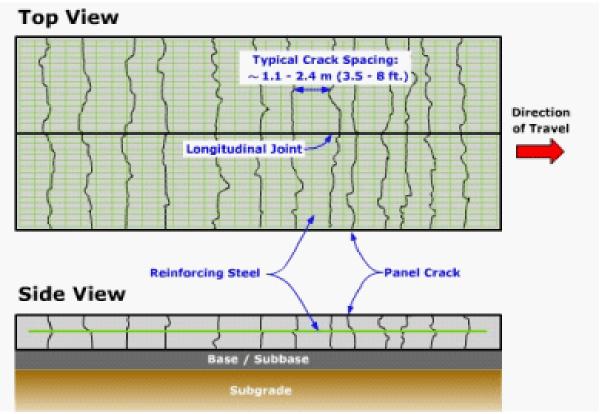
Measurement (inertial profiler) and Spec

requirement

- Continuously Reinforced Concrete Pavement
- Jointed (Doweled) Concrete Pavement
- Jointed Reinforced Concrete Pavement
- Roller Compacted Concrete Pavement
- Jointed (Undoweled) Concrete Pavement

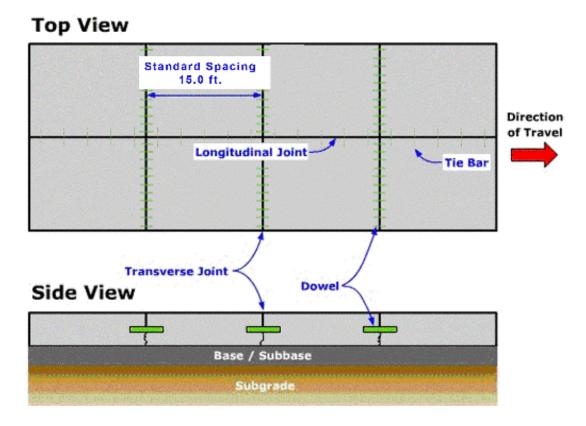
Continuously Reinforced Concrete Pavement



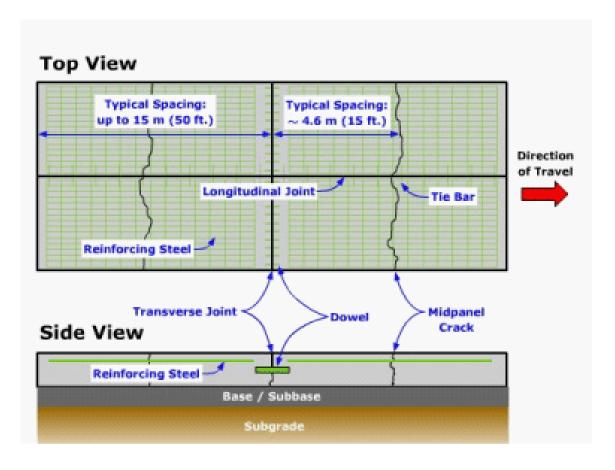


Jointed (Doweled) Concrete Pavement

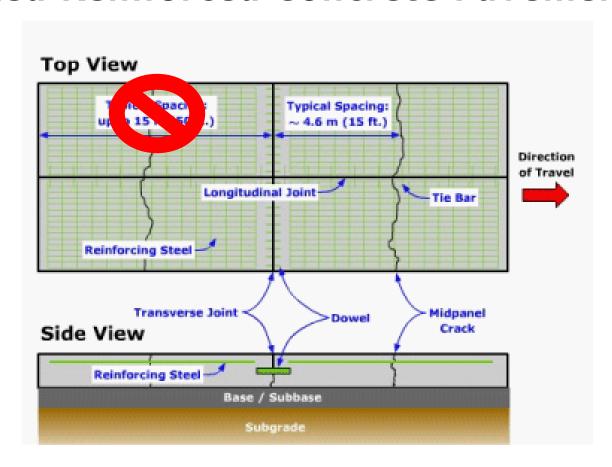




Jointed Reinforced Concrete Pavement

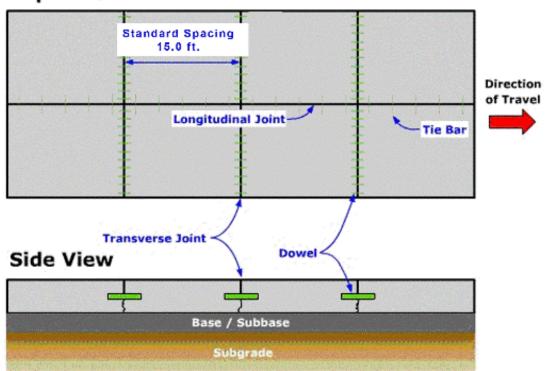


Jointed Reinforced Concrete Pavement



Jointed (Undoweled) Concrete Pavement

Top View



Minus dowels!

Tie bars still recommended

Tie Bars vs Dowel Bars



Tie Bar – Longer and Deformed steel

- Bond is wanted/needed
- Load transfer from steel AND concrete/aggregate interlock



Dowel Bar – Shorter and Smooth

- Bond is not wanted/needed
- Load transfer entirely from steel

Free Training and Information

Design and Construction of Joints for Concrete Streets

https://www.acpa.org/wpfd_file/design-and-construction-of-joints-for-concrete-streets/

Joint Layout - ACPA Wiki https://wikipave.org/index.php/Joint_Layout

Concrete Intersections Design and Construction

https://cf.specifyconcrete.org/doc/Guide-for-Design-and-Construction-of-Concrete-Intersections.pdf

<u>Concrete Paving Field Inspection Workshop | National Concrete Pavement Technology Center</u>

https://cptechcenter.org/webinars-and-videos/concrete-paving-field-inspection-workshop/

Note: Keep in mind that this info was developed by colder states, so make sure our very hot weather does not cause any conflicts with their recommendations.

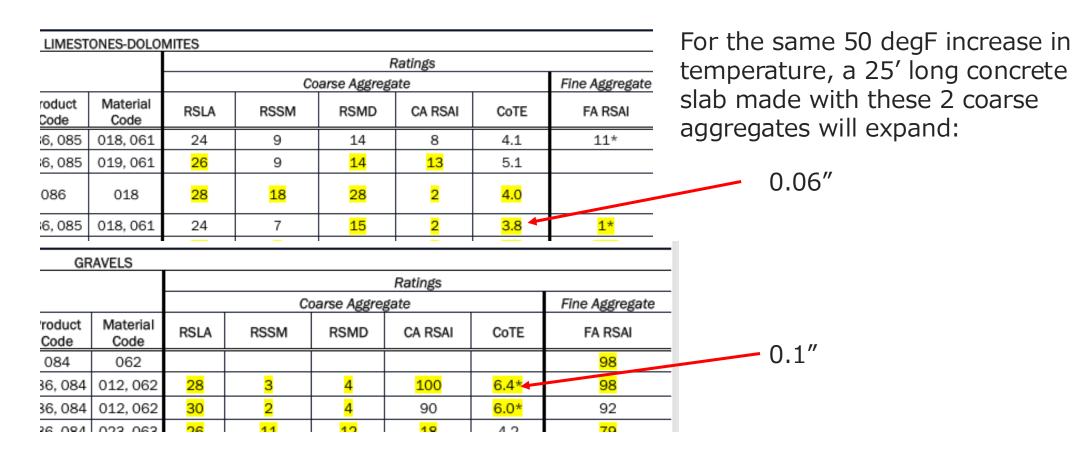
Pavement Resource – Aggregate Properties

LIMEST	ONES-DOLO	MITES					
		Ratings					
		Coarse Aggregate					Fine Aggregate
roduct Code	Material Code	RSLA	RSSM	RSMD	CA RSAI	CoTE	FA RSAI
6, 085	018, 061	24	9	14	8	4.1	11*
6, 085	019, 061	<mark>26</mark>	9	<mark>14</mark>	<mark>13</mark>	5.1	
086	018	28	<mark>18</mark>	28	2	4.0	
6, 085	018, 061	24	7	<mark>15</mark>	2	3.8	1*
6, 085	019, 061	<mark>26</mark>	2	10	2	<mark>5.2</mark>	10*
6, 085	018, 061	<mark>29</mark>	<mark>19*</mark>	<mark>23</mark>	5	3.9	3*
6, 085	018, 061	<mark>26</mark>	<mark>18</mark>	<mark>21</mark>	<u>1</u>	<mark>3.8</mark>	<mark>7*</mark>
086	018	<mark>29</mark>	<u>10</u>	<mark>16</mark>	3		
6, 085	018, 061	<mark>27</mark>	<mark>7</mark>	11	<mark>6</mark>	4.0	
086	018	<mark>31</mark>	<u>10</u>	<mark>25</mark>	1	<mark>5.0</mark>	<mark>3</mark>
086	019	<mark>35</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	<u>10</u>	0	<mark>5.1</mark>	
6, 084	019, 061	<mark>24</mark>	<mark>13</mark>	<mark>11</mark>	<mark>68</mark>	5.8*	69

Concrete Rated Source Quality Catalog

https://www.txdot.gov/content/dam/docs/mpl/concrete-rated-source-quality-catalog.pdf

Thermal Expansion



Concrete Rated Source Quality Catalog

https://www.txdot.gov/content/dam/docs/mpl/concrete-rated-source-quality-catalog.pdf

Example Info from Referenced Publications

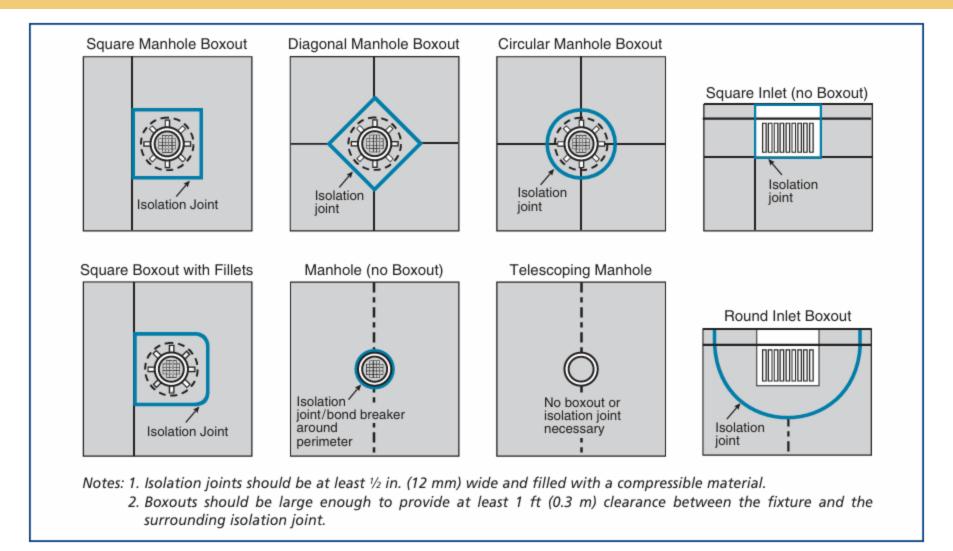
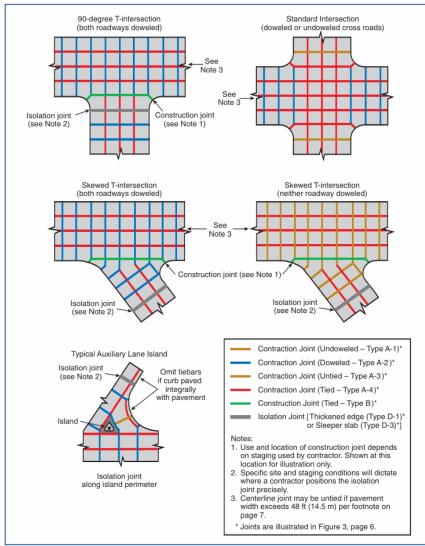


Figure 6. Details for boxing out fixtures.

Example Info from Referenced Publications



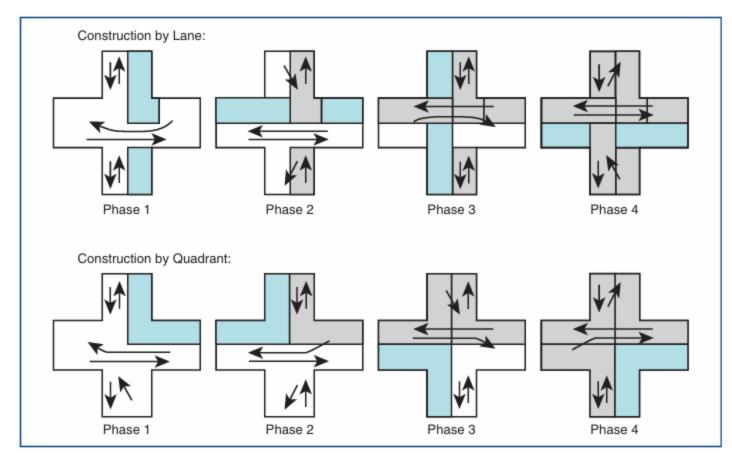


Figure 8. Possible options for phasing construction under traffic.

Pavement Resource

Pavement Manual



Revised June 2021

© 2021 by Texas Department of Transportation (512) 463-8630 all rights reserved

Questions?